
epidemik
Release 0.1.3.3

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Mar 30, 2025

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1.1 epidemik package

1.1.1 Submodules

1.1.2 epidemik.EpiModel module

class epidemik.EpiModel.**EpiModel**(*compartments=None, seed=None, rng=None*)

Bases: object

Simple Epidemic Model Implementation

Provides a way to implement and numerically integrate

R0()

Calculate the basic reproductive ratio (R0) for the model.

Uses the Next-Generation matrix approach defined in J. R. Soc Interface 7, 873 (2010).

Returns

The value of the largest eigenvalue of the next generation matrix, or None if calculation fails

Return type

float or None

add_age_structure(*matrix, population*)

Add age structure to the model using a contact matrix.

Parameters

- **matrix** (*list[list[float]]*) – Contact matrix between age groups
- **population** (*list[int]*) – Population size for each age group

Returns

The modified model structure

Return type

list[list]

add_birth_rate(*comps=None, rate=None, fixed=False, global_rate=True, **rates*)

Add a birth rate to one or more compartments.

Parameters

- **rate** (*float*) – Birth rate

- **comps** (*list[str], optional*) – List of compartments to which to assign this birth rate. If None, apply to all compartments

Return type

None

Returns

None

add_death_rate(*comps=None, rate=None, fixed=False, global_rate=False, **rates*)

Add a death rate to one or more compartments.

Parameters

- **rate** (*float*) – Death rate
- **comps** (*list[str], optional*) – List of compartments to which to assign this death rate. If None, apply to all compartments

Return type

None

Returns

None

add_interaction(*source, target, agent, rate=None, norm=True, **rates*)

Add an interaction between two compartments.

This method adds a directed edge from the source compartment to the target compartment in the transition graph, with the specified agent and rate. The rates are passed as keyword arguments and will be added to the model's parameters.

Parameters

- **source** (*str*) – Name of the source compartment
- **target** (*str*) – Name of the target compartment
- **agent** (*str*) – Name of the agent
- **rates** (*dict*) – Named parameters representing the interaction rates

Return type

None

Returns

None

add_spontaneous(*source, target, rate=None, **rates*)

Add a spontaneous transition between two compartments.

Parameters

- **source** (*str*) – Name of the source compartment
- **target** (*str*) – Name of the target compartment
- **rates** (*dict*) – Named parameters representing the transition rates

Return type

None

Returns

None

add_vaccination(*source, target, start, rate, **rates*)

Add a vaccination transition between two compartments.

Parameters

- **source** (*str*) – Name of the source compartment
- **target** (*str*) – Name of the target compartment
- **rate** (*float*) – Rate of the vaccination
- **start** (*int*) – Start time of the vaccination

Return type

None

Returns

None

add_viral_generation(*source, target, source_rate=None, target_rate=None, **rates*)

Add a viral generation transition

Return type

None

Parameters: - source: string

Name of the source compartment

- **target: string**
Name of the target compartment
- **source_rate: float**
Rate of destruction of infected cells
- **target_rate: float**
Rate of creation of viral particles

download_model(*repo=None, load_model=True*)

Download model from official repository

Return type

Optional[Self]

draw_model(*ax=None, show=True*)

Plot the model structure.

Parameters

- **ax** (*matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot, optional*) – The Axes object to plot to. If None, a new figure is created
- **show** (*bool, default=True*) – Whether to call plt.show() or not

Return type

None

Returns

None

integrate(*timesteps, t_min=1, seasonality=None, **kwargs*)

Numerically integrate the epidemic model.

Parameters

- **timesteps** (*int*) – Number of time steps to integrate
- **t_min** (*int*, *default=1*) – Starting time
- **seasonality** (*numpy.ndarray*, *optional*) – Array of seasonality values
- **kwargs** (*dict*) – Initial population of each compartment

Return type

None

Returns

None

list_models()

List the models available in the official repository

Return type

List[str]

load_model()

Load a model from a file.

Parameters**filename** (*str*) – Name of the file to load the model from**Returns**

The loaded model

Return type*EpiModel***plot**(*title=None*, *normed=True*, *show=True*, *ax=None*, ***kwargs*)

Convenience function for plotting model results.

Parameters

- **title** (*str*, *optional*) – Title of the plot
- **normed** (*bool*, *default=True*) – Whether to normalize the values or not
- **show** (*bool*, *default=True*) – Whether to call `plt.show()` or not
- **ax** (*matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot*, *optional*) – The Axes object to plot to. If None, a new figure is created
- **kwargs** (*dict*) – Additional arguments to pass to the plot function

Returns

The plot object

Return type`matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot`**save_model**(*filename*)

Save the model to a file.

Parameters**filename** (*str*) – Name of the file to save the model to**Return type**

None

Returns

None

simulate(*timesteps*, *t_min=1*, *seasonality=None*, ***kwargs*)

Stochastically simulate the epidemic model.

Parameters

- **timesteps** (*int*) – Number of time steps to simulate
- **t_min** (*int*, *default=1*) – Starting time
- **seasonality** (*numpy.ndarray*, *optional*) – Array of seasonal factors
- **kwargs** (*dict*) – Initial population of each compartment

Return type

None

Returns

None

single_step(*seasonality=None*, ***kwargs*)

Perform a single simulation step.

Parameters

- **seasonality** (*numpy.ndarray*, *optional*) – Array of seasonality values
- **kwargs** (*dict*) – Initial population of each compartment if simulation hasn't started

Returns

None

1.1.3 epidemik.MetaEpiModel module

class epidemik.MetaEpiModel.**MetaEpiModel**(*travel_graph*, *populations*, *population='Population'*, *seed=None*)

Bases: object

Simple Epidemic Model Implementation

Provides a way to implement and numerically integrate

R0()

add_interaction(*source*, *target*, *agent*, ***rates*)

Add an interaction between two **compartments_**

Return type

None

Parameters: - source: string

Name of the source compartment

- **target: string**
Name of the target compartment
- **agent: string**
Name of the agent
- **rate: float**
Rate of the interaction

Returns: None

add_spontaneous(*source*, *target*, ***rates*)

Add a spontaneous transition between two **compartments_**

Parameters: - *source*: string

Name of the source compartment

- **target: string**
Name of the target compartment
- **rate: float**
Rate of the transition

Returns: None

add_vaccination(*source*, *target*, *start*, ***rates*)

Add a vaccination transition between two **compartments_**

Return type

None

Parameters: - *source*: string

Name of the source compartment

- **target: string**
Name of the target compartment
- **rate: float**
Rate of the vaccination
- **start: int**
Start time of the vaccination

Returns: None

draw_model()

Return type

None

get_state(*state*)

Return a reference to a state EpiModel object

Return type

EpiModel

Parameters: - *state*: string

Name of the state to return

integrate(***kwargs*)

plot(*title=None*, *normed=True*, *layout=None*, ***kwargs*)

Return type

None

`plot_peaks()`

Return type

None

`simulate(timestamp, t_min=1, seasonality=None, seed_state=None, susceptible='S', **kwargs)`

Return type

None

1.1.4 epidemik.NetworkEpiModel module

`class epidemik.NetworkEpiModel.NetworkEpiModel(network, compartments=None)`

Bases: `EpiModel`

`R0()`

Calculate the basic reproductive ratio (R0) for the model.

Uses the Next-Generation matrix approach defined in J. R. Soc Interface 7, 873 (2010).

Returns

The value of the largest eigenvalue of the next generation matrix, or None if calculation fails

Return type

float or None

`add_interaction(source, target, agent, rate=None, rescale=False, **rates)`

Add an interaction between two compartments.

This method adds a directed edge from the source compartment to the target compartment in the transition graph, with the specified agent and rate. The rates are passed as keyword arguments and will be added to the model's parameters.

Parameters

- **source** (*str*) – Name of the source compartment
- **target** (*str*) – Name of the target compartment
- **agent** (*str*) – Name of the agent
- **rates** (*dict*) – Named parameters representing the interaction rates

Return type

None

Returns

None

`add_spontaneous(source, target, rate, **rates)`

Add a spontaneous transition between two compartments.

Parameters

- **source** (*str*) – Name of the source compartment
- **target** (*str*) – Name of the target compartment
- **rates** (*dict*) – Named parameters representing the transition rates

Returns

None

integrate(*timesteps*, ***kwargs*)

Numerically integrate the epidemic model.

Parameters

- **timesteps** (*int*) – Number of time steps to integrate
- **t_min** (*int*, *default=1*) – Starting time
- **seasonality** (*numpy.ndarray*, *optional*) – Array of seasonality values
- **kwargs** (*dict*) – Initial population of each compartment

Returns

None

simulate(*timesteps*, *seeds*, ***kwargs*)

Stochastically simulate the epidemic model

Return type

None

1.1.5 epidemik.utils module

exception `epidemik.utils.NotImplementedError`

Bases: `Exception`

exception `epidemik.utils.NotInitialized`

Bases: `Exception`

class `epidemik.utils.Parameters`

Bases: `dict`

compute_parameter(*param*)

Compute the rate from a string

Return type

`float`

Parameters: - `rate`: `string`

Rate of the transition

Returns: `float`

The computed rate

define_parameters(***kwargs*)

Define one or more parameter for the model

Return type

None

Parameters: - `kwargs`: keyword arguments

Named parameters for the model

Returns: None

`epidemik.utils.get_cache_directory()`

Return the location of the cache directory for the current platform.

1.1.6 Module contents

epidemik

epidemik is a Python package for the simulation of Compartmental Epidemic Models.

See <https://www.github.com/DataForScience/epidemik> for complete documentation.

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